



SBD Automotive

The Software Defined Vehicle and OSS

OSS as an emerging key enabler to build SDV

AGL members F2F meeting

October 19, 2022



A portrait of Masa Otsuka, a man with short dark hair, wearing a light blue button-down shirt, is centered in the middle of the slide. The background of the entire slide is a futuristic automotive workshop with a wireframe car, a person in a VR headset interacting with a large digital display, and various floating data icons like a cloud, gears, and a bar chart.

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SBD Automotive Mission

Delivering **confidence** through **clarity, insight and vision**

Our Areas of Expertise



Connected



Autonomous



Shared

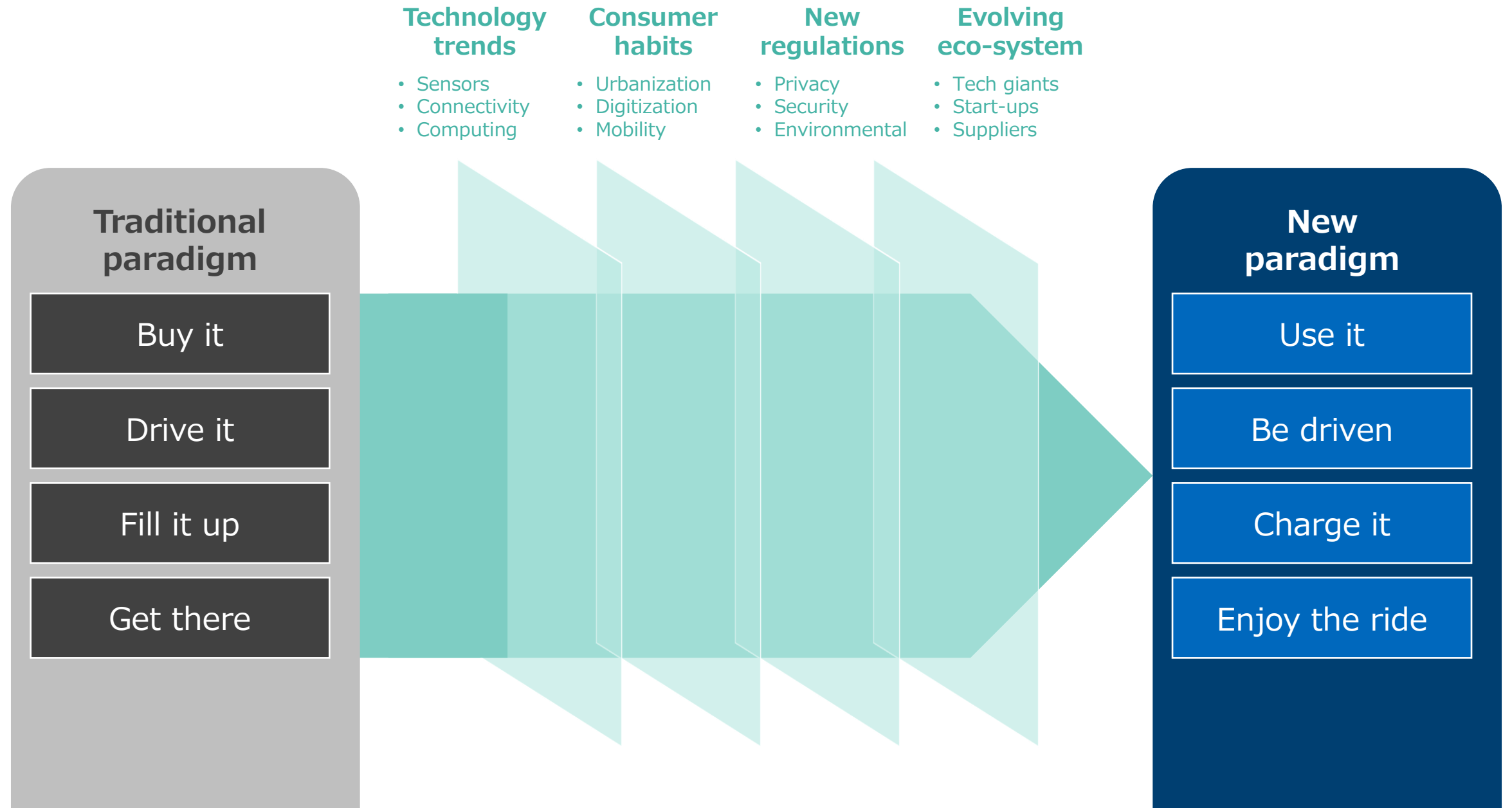


Electric



Secure

| We are experiencing a life-changing mobility paradigm shift



With heavy investment in connectivity, autonomy, and EVs



	# of stories	Trending companies	Top themes
C Connected			The impact of the tech sector continues to grow as OEMs battle with s/w sourcing decisions
A Autonomous			More OEMs announce plans for L3 autonomy just as pressure from regulators/press grows
S Shared			Robo-taxi programs transition from testing to operational services
E Electric			Demand for EV's outpaces supply as OEMs explore and invest in new business models
S Secure			More OEMs get involved in the development of the next-generation smartphone key

● Legislative changes
 ● M&A
 ● New companies
 ● New partnerships
 ● New strategies
 ● Product improvements
 ● Product launches

Software Defined Vehicles

What's driving car makers forward?

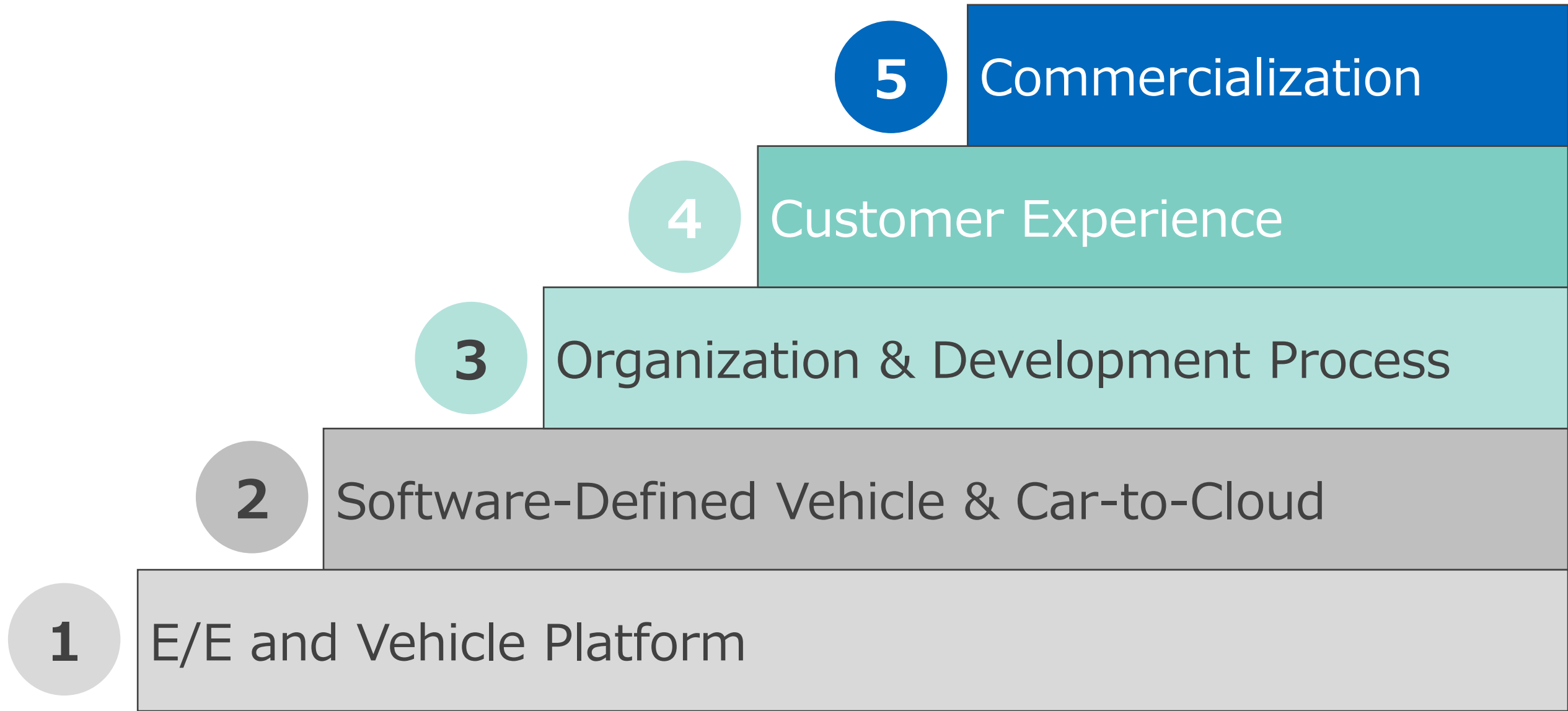
Increase

- Speed-to-market
- Aftersales revenue
- Customer satisfaction
- Brand loyalty

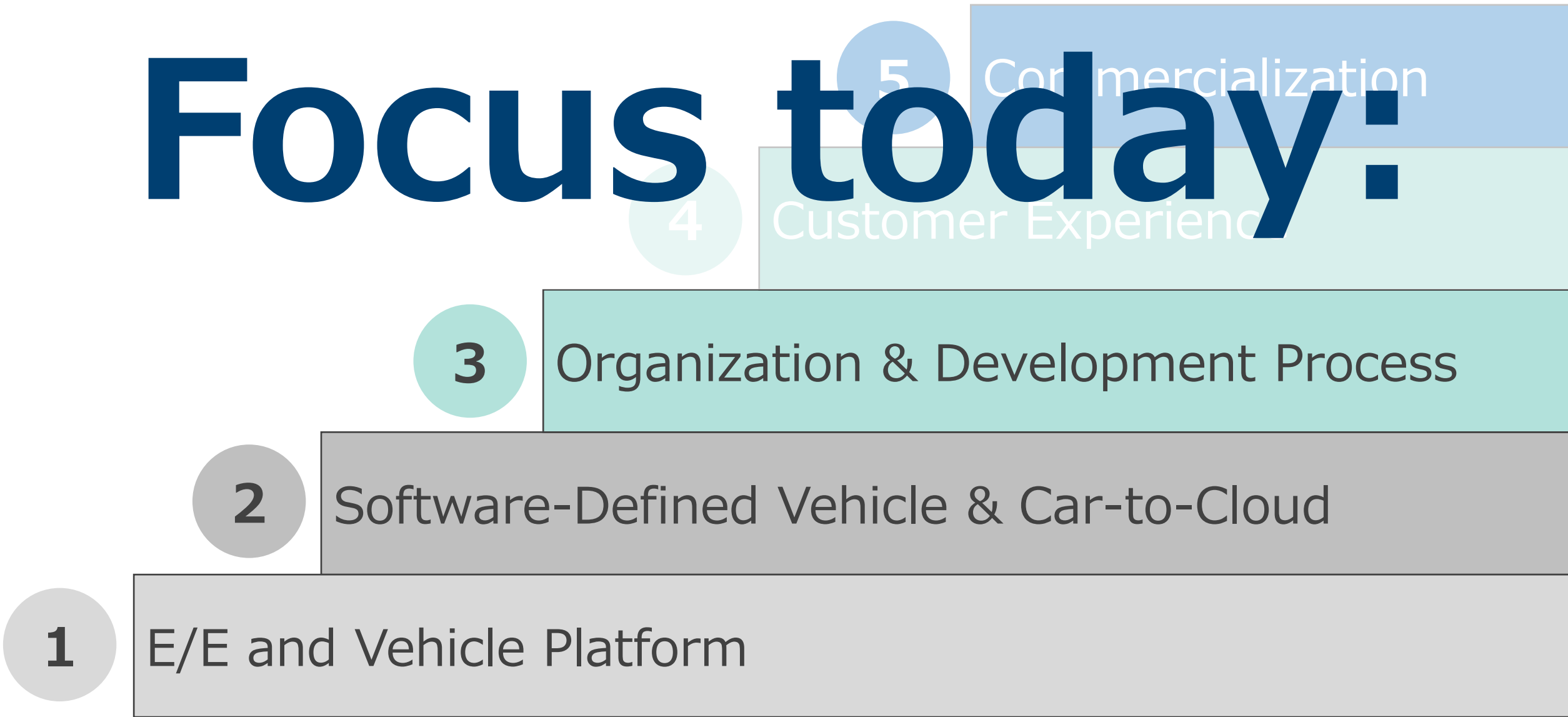
Decrease

- Bill of materials
- Recall rate
- Depreciation
- Vulnerabilities

| The software-defined automaker's hierarchy of needs



Focus today:



What is Software Defined Vehicle?

Defining the software-defined vehicle



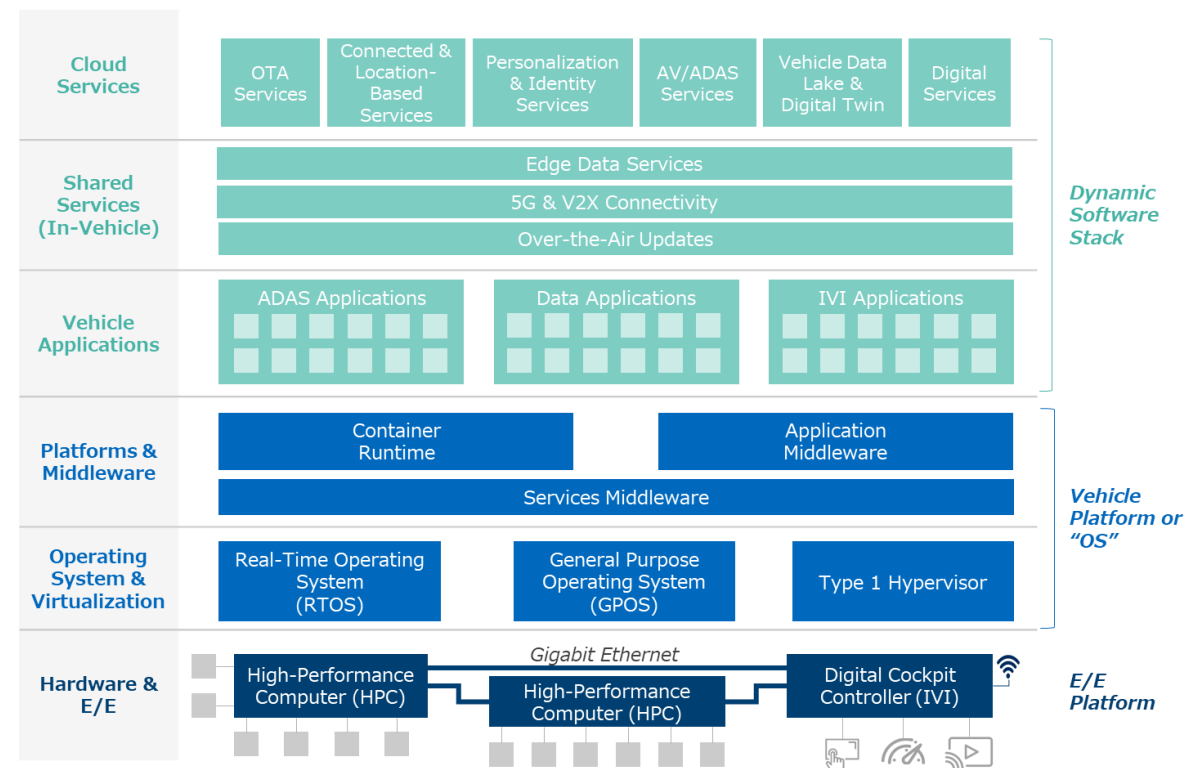
1 SDVs allow software to be **designed, developed and tested in a fully virtualized environment**, leveraging the scale of cloud services to simulate vehicle software

2 SDVs require **multiple layers of hardware and software across different domains** in order to implement this separation

3 SDVs allow OEMs to **dynamically implement new business models & customer experiences** much faster than before

4 SDVs create **significant disruption** in the traditional automotive electronics supply chain while creating **new "blue oceans"**

























5 Much of the core SDV software stack is non-differentiating, making **standards & open-source software** attractive to OEMs



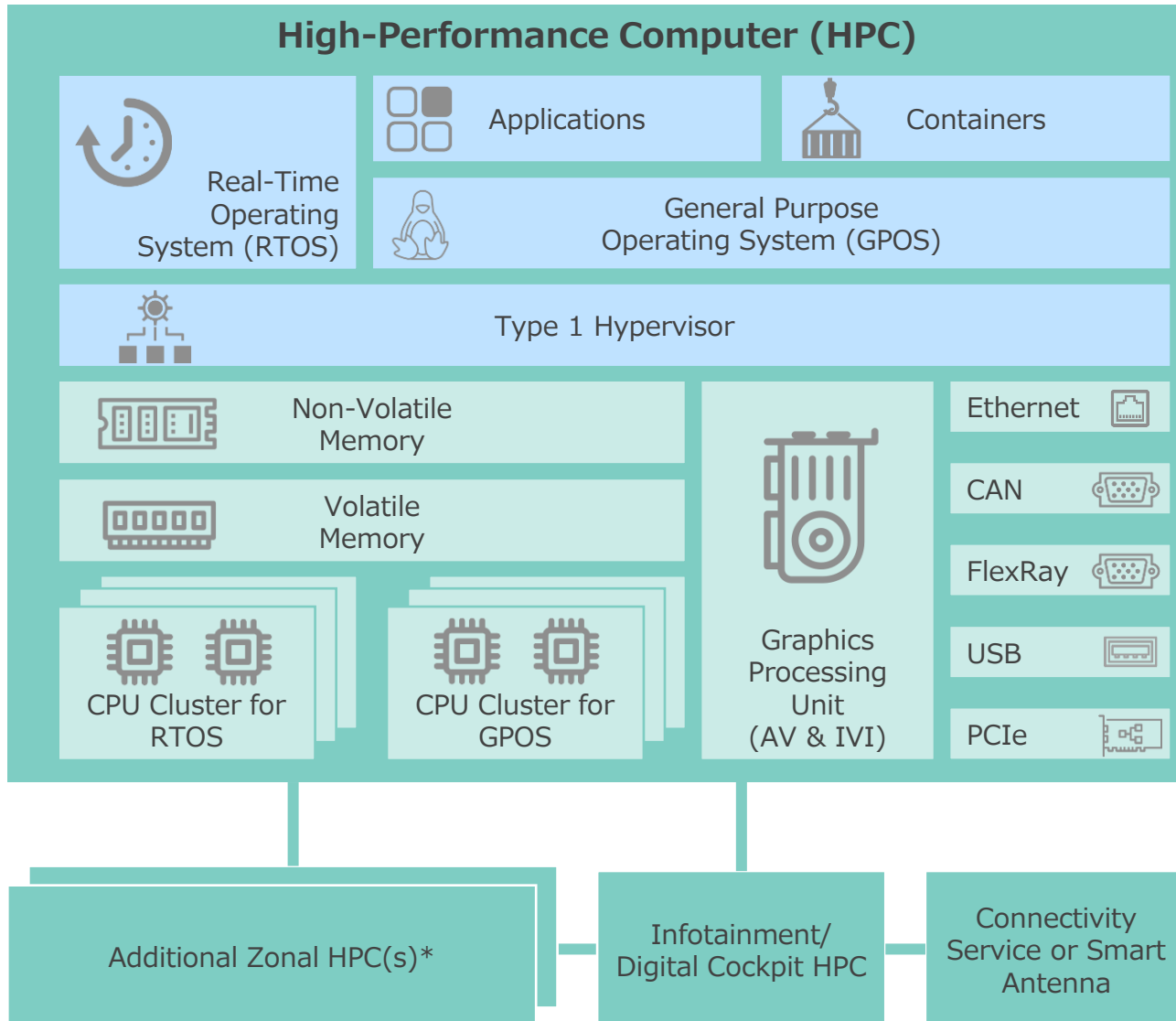
Source: SBD Automotive // The Software-Defined Vehicle (2021)

Vehicle 4.0: The evolution of the software-defined vehicle



Common evolution path for OEMs	Definition		Characteristics		Technologies/Enablers	
	Vehicle 1.0	Features developed & implemented in conjunction with underlying hardware		No over-the-air updates		Microcontroller ECUs
				Tightly coupled ECUs		Real-time operating systems
				Basic infotainment services		CAN-based architecture
	Vehicle 2.0	Enhanced infotainment domain with apps, connectivity, and limited updateability		Embedded or brought-in infotainment applications		Embedded 4G connectivity
				Limited software updates for infotainment		Cloud platform for content, services
				Limited driver personalization		Driver identity provider
	Vehicle 3.0	Core domains (ADAS, digital cockpit, connectivity) implement abstracted software runtime & middleware		Regular software updates for core functional domains		Ethernet E/E backbone
				Dynamic HMI for vehicle functions (voice, multiple screens, etc.)		Domain-based middleware
				OEM and/or 3 rd party software applications		OEM-managed software development
	Vehicle 4.0	Computing workloads can be dynamically shifted between vehicle computers & offboard infrastructure		Redundant application processing across domains/zones		5G connectivity
				Continuous software delivery		Edge application runtime (i.e. edge containers)
				Dynamic data processing between vehicle, edge, & cloud		Homogenous computing platform between vehicle & cloud

High Performance Computer is a foundation for H/W abstraction



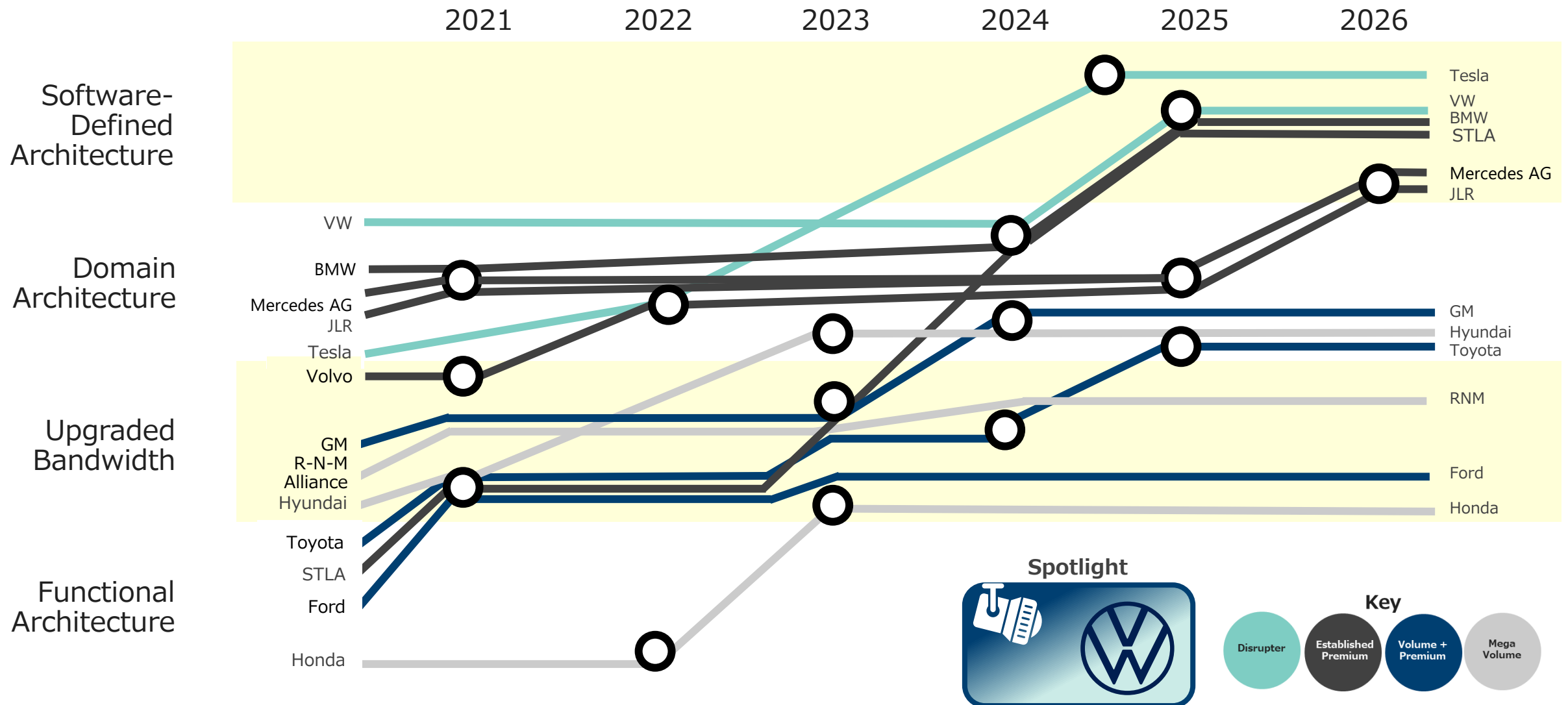
- Applications & containers leverage services on the GPOS
- Simultaneous execution of real-time and general purpose operating systems using CPU clusters
- Type 1 hypervisor provides hardware-optimized virtualization services
- HPCs provide a variety of physical interfaces
- GPUs power the processing of camera & radar data for ADAS/AV, and rendering for digital cockpit interfaces.
- CPU clusters ensure redundant processing for both RTOS and GPOS applications
- Multiple HPCs to provide high availability, optimized, redundant AV services and digital cockpit application

* In zonally configured E/E architectures

SDV needs overhaul in EE architecture as well as S/W structure



Vehicle platform engineering projects will take many years to reach maturity, scale within car parc

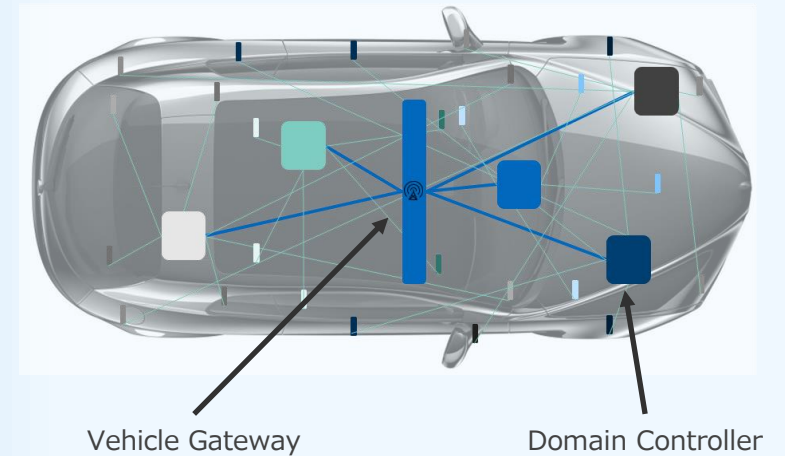
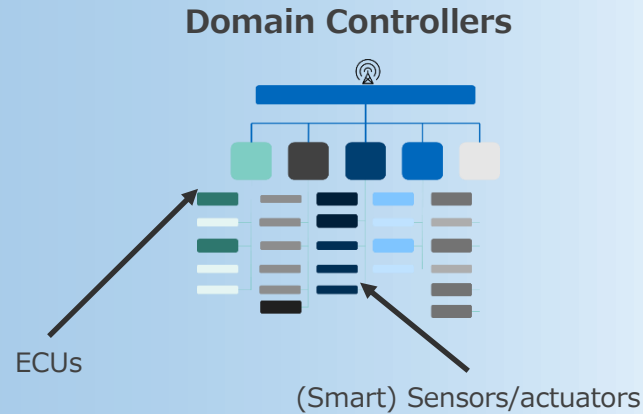


| SDV will be achieved on a centralized zonal EE architecture

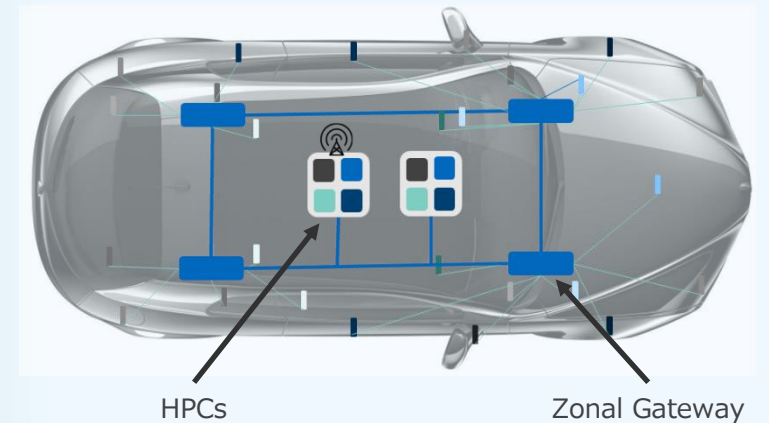
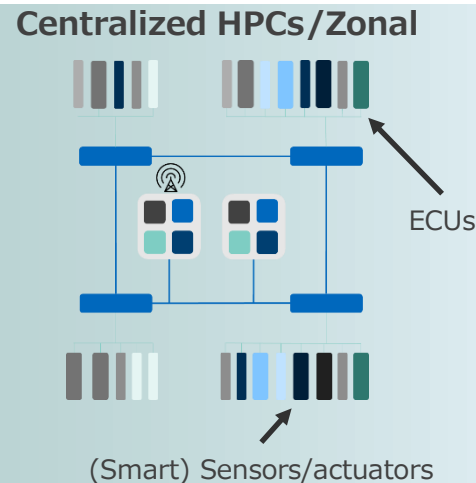


🔑 SoC scalability will drive consolidation and abstraction, enabling entry points for edge computing

Domain Architecture



Centralized & Zonal Architecture

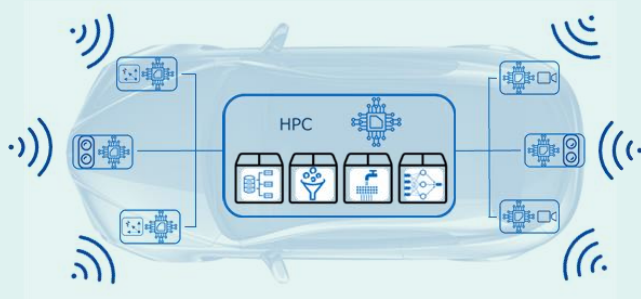


Personalized, automated vehicles rely on cloud, edge



 New commercialization opportunities require new car-to-cloud platform services to meet OEM needs

Far & In-Vehicle Embedded Edge



- Intelligent sensors
- Independent modules
- Containers
- Cloud-native apps
- Running in-vehicle via HPC

Network Edge



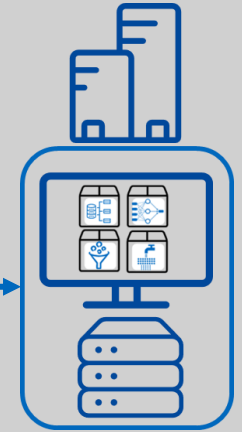
- Containers
- Cloud-native apps
- Running in network infrastructure

Cloud



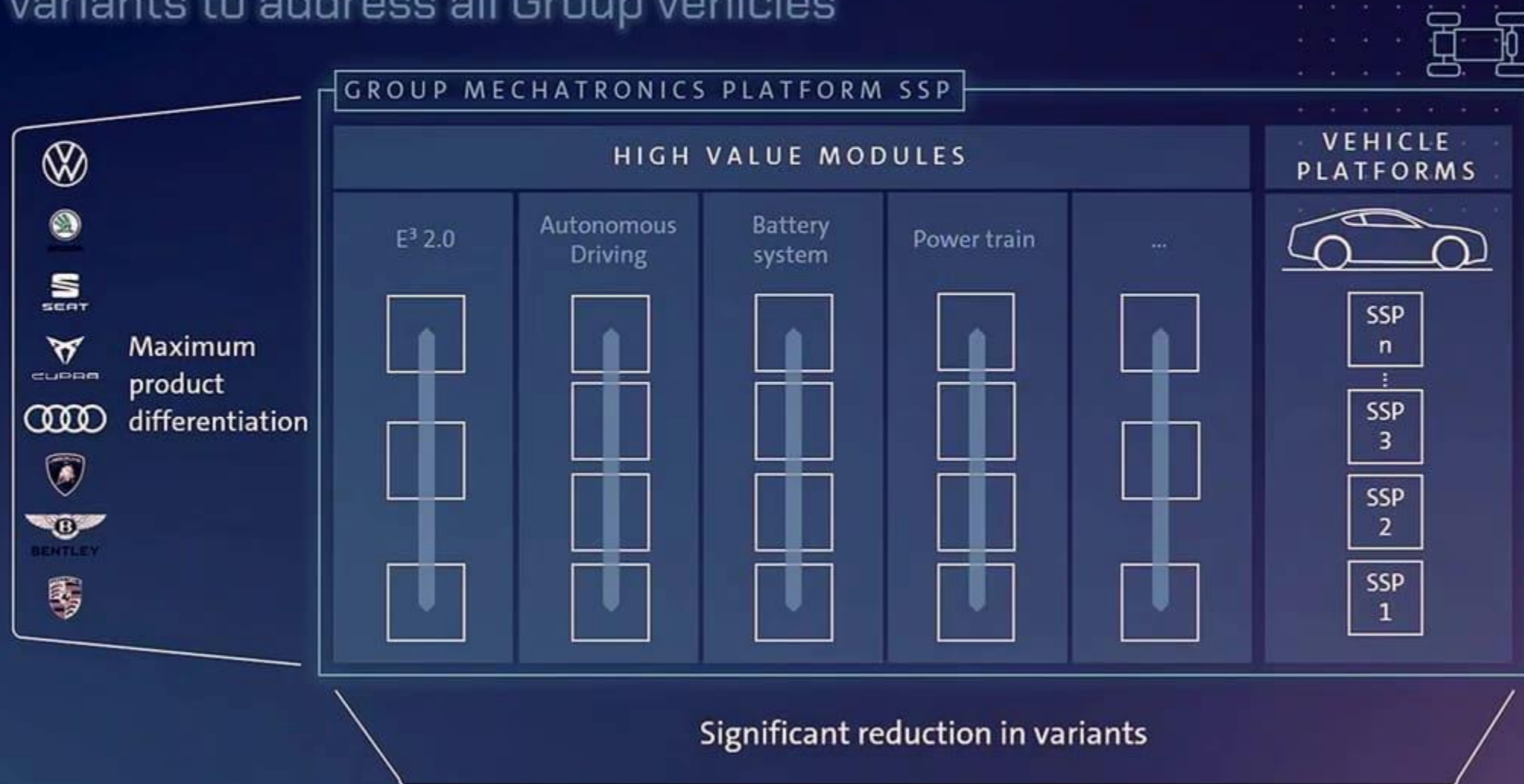
- Containers or virtual machines
- (Usually) shared data center
- Supporting regional and global workloads

On Premise



- Centralized
- Private to OEM
- Proprietary, mission-critical or sensitive data and workloads
- Dev environments

SSP comprises high value modules with dedicated variants to address all Group vehicles



| Most automakers require multiple “stops” to SDV



🔑 Most OEMs can't make the jump “straight” to SDV – it's a more iterative engineering journey

Vehicle 1.0

Functional

“New feature? Let's add a new box

Vehicle 2.0

Digital

“Let's focus on digitizing our IVI

Vehicle 3.0

Updateable

“Let's keep the car fresh

Vehicle 4.0

Software-defined

“Let's fully decouple SW from HW

STELLANTIS



TESLA



DAIMLER



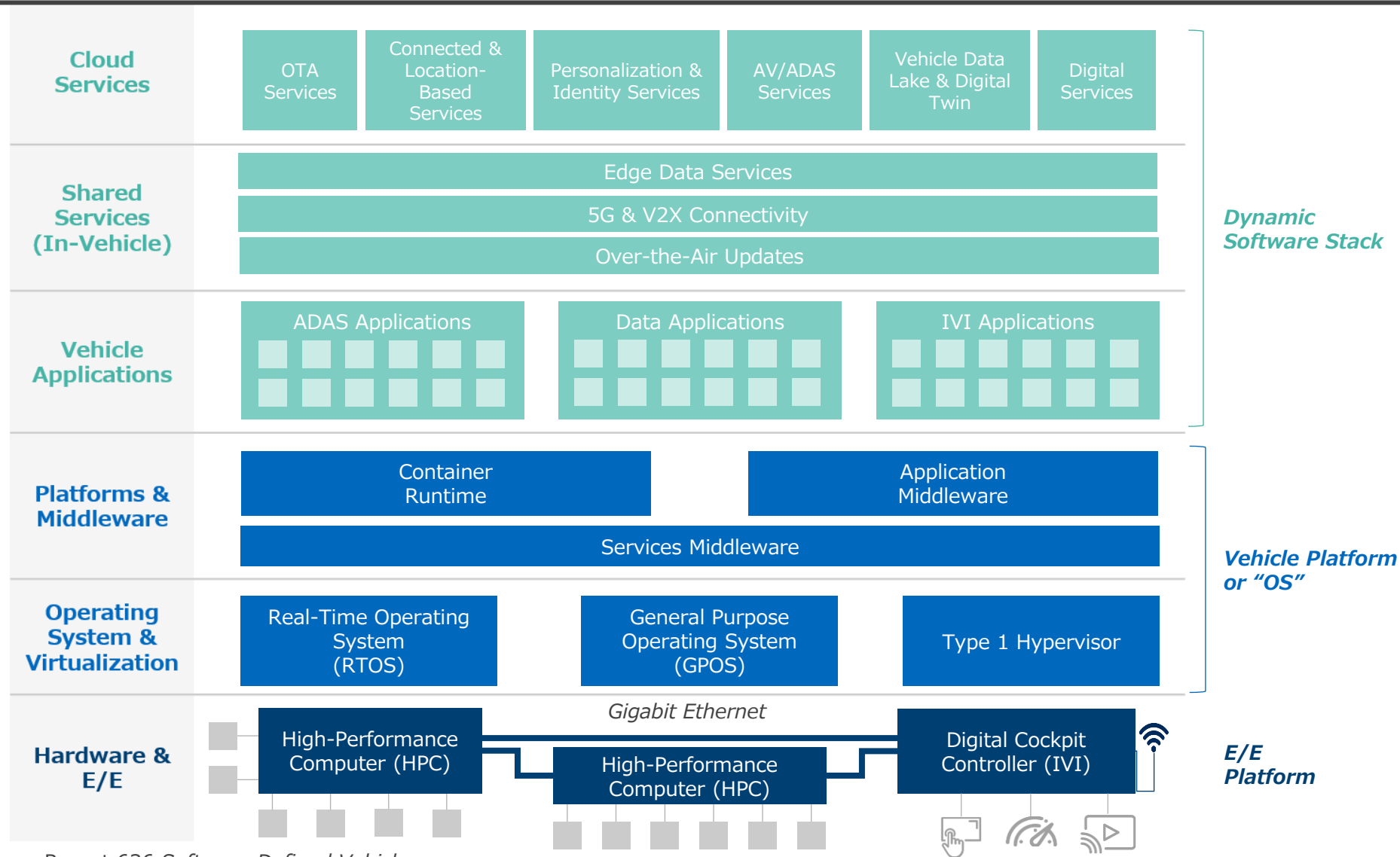
X P E N G

Challenges to OEMs

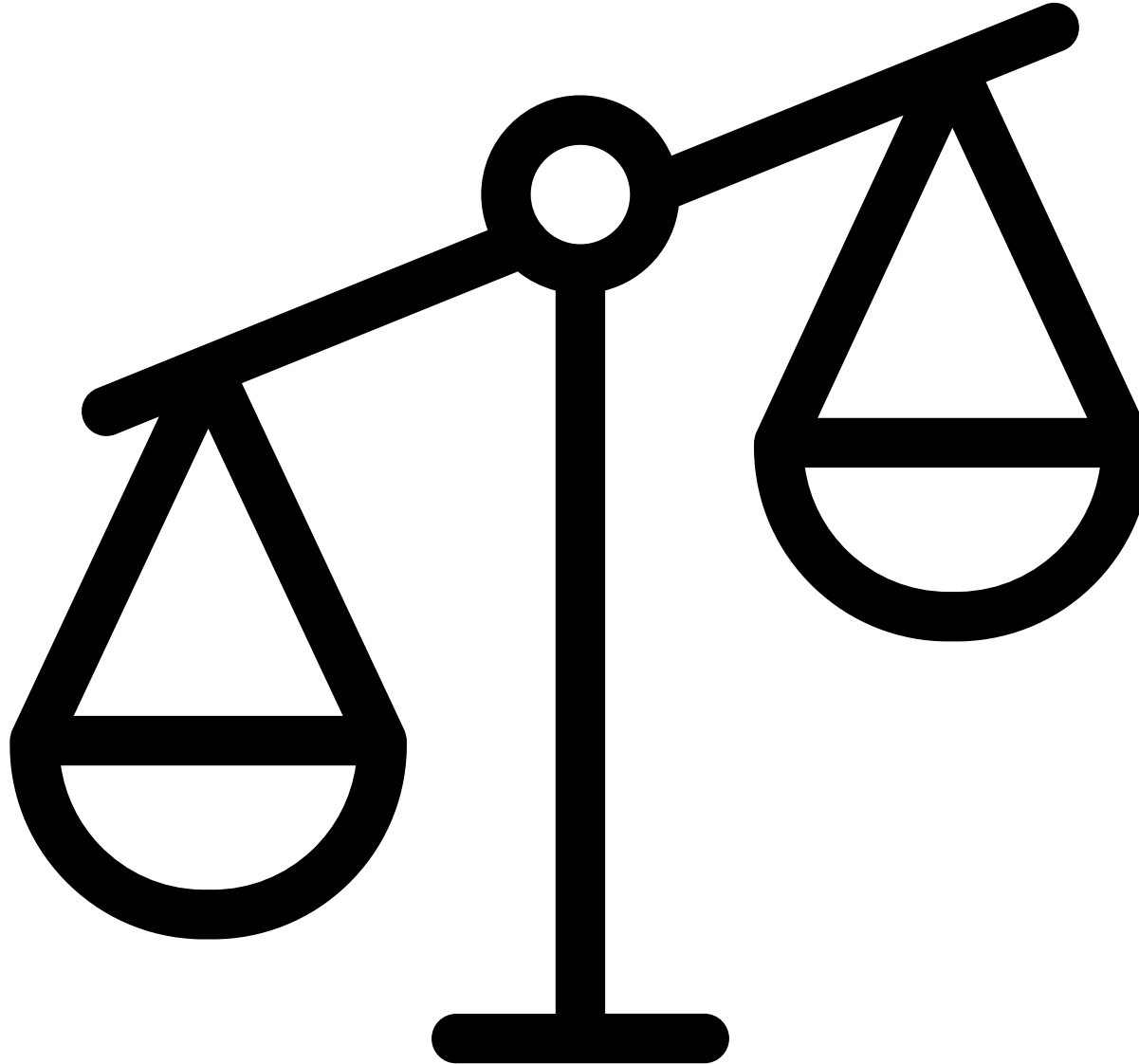
| SDV architecture starts with abstraction from car to cloud



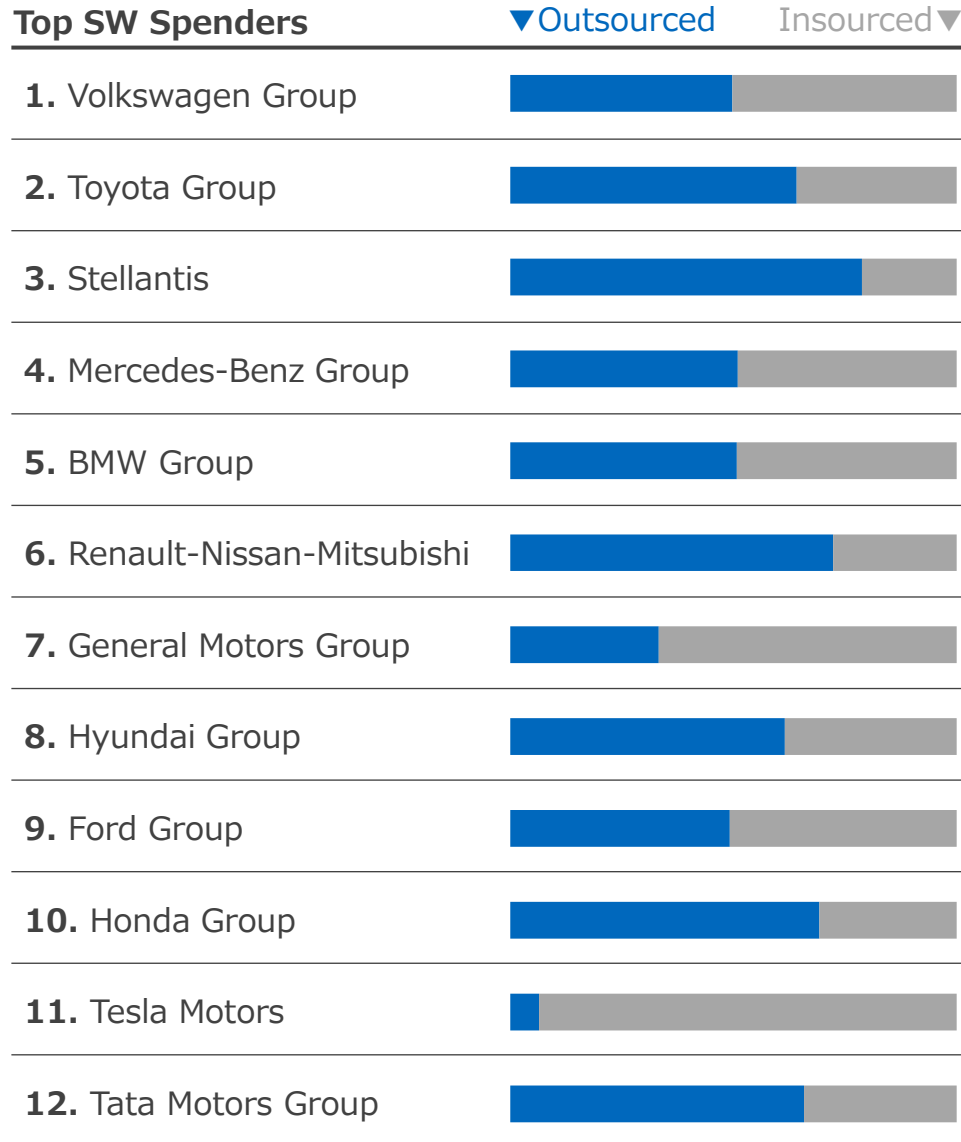
 Some OEMs pursue “Vehicle.OS” which hold most of software stack



| Key consideration: Build OR Buy?



Software sourcing strategies differ, limited by recruitment



Developer ecosystems, communities, and tools are the “secret sauce” to OEM-cloud partnership

“Our #1 barrier to achieving greater in-house software development goals is **recruitment.**”

Software Director at Major OEM



| Hidden cost of SDV – OPEX of non-differentiating S/W



	Volume OEM	Tier 1
10 year TCO (\$Million)	100 +	140+
Breakdown by expense	 35% 65% OPEX	 39% 61% CAPEX
Key contributing factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High volume = outsized OPEX• Software revenue margin expected to be high due to small sales margin	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multi-tenancy drives high OPEX• More feature-rich to support multiple OEMs

| Whatever approach OEM take, everything cannot be under control



Integration Approach

Leveraging 3rd party software vendors



Long-Term Approach

Careful investment for reduced risk



Fast Development Approach

Immediate investment & re-organization

	Integration Approach	Long-Term Approach	Fast Development Approach
Cost	Low	Low	High
Time to Market	Fast	Slow	Fast
Intellectual Property Control	Poor	Strong	Strong



OSS as key accelerator

| OSS as the engine of SDV



Uptane



AUTOMOTIVE
GRADE LINUX



Red Hat



AUTWARE.AI

ROS


yocto
PROJECT

AUTOSAR

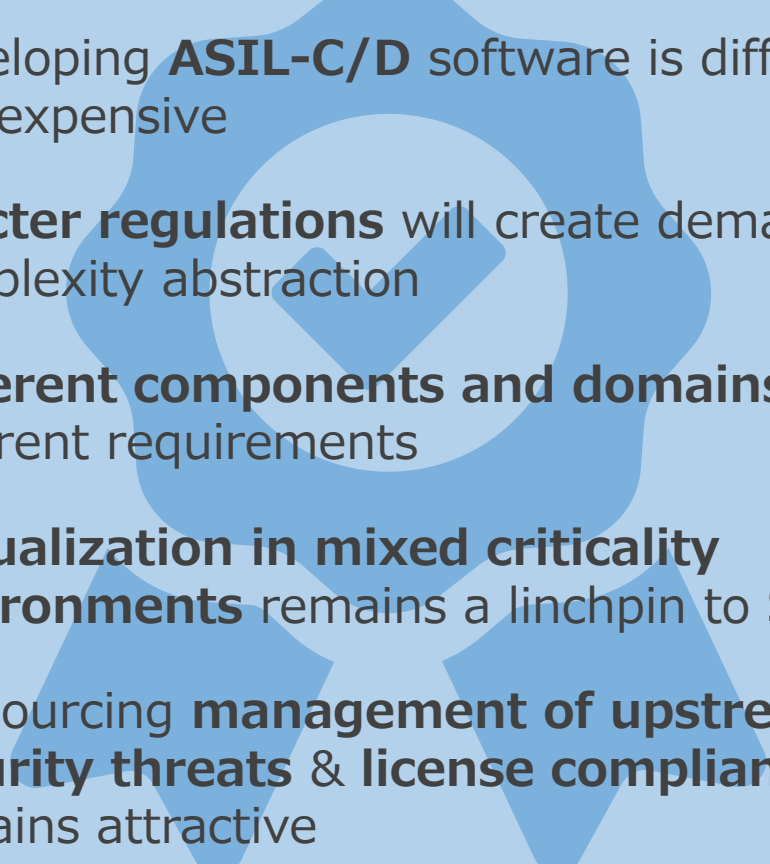
Xen™

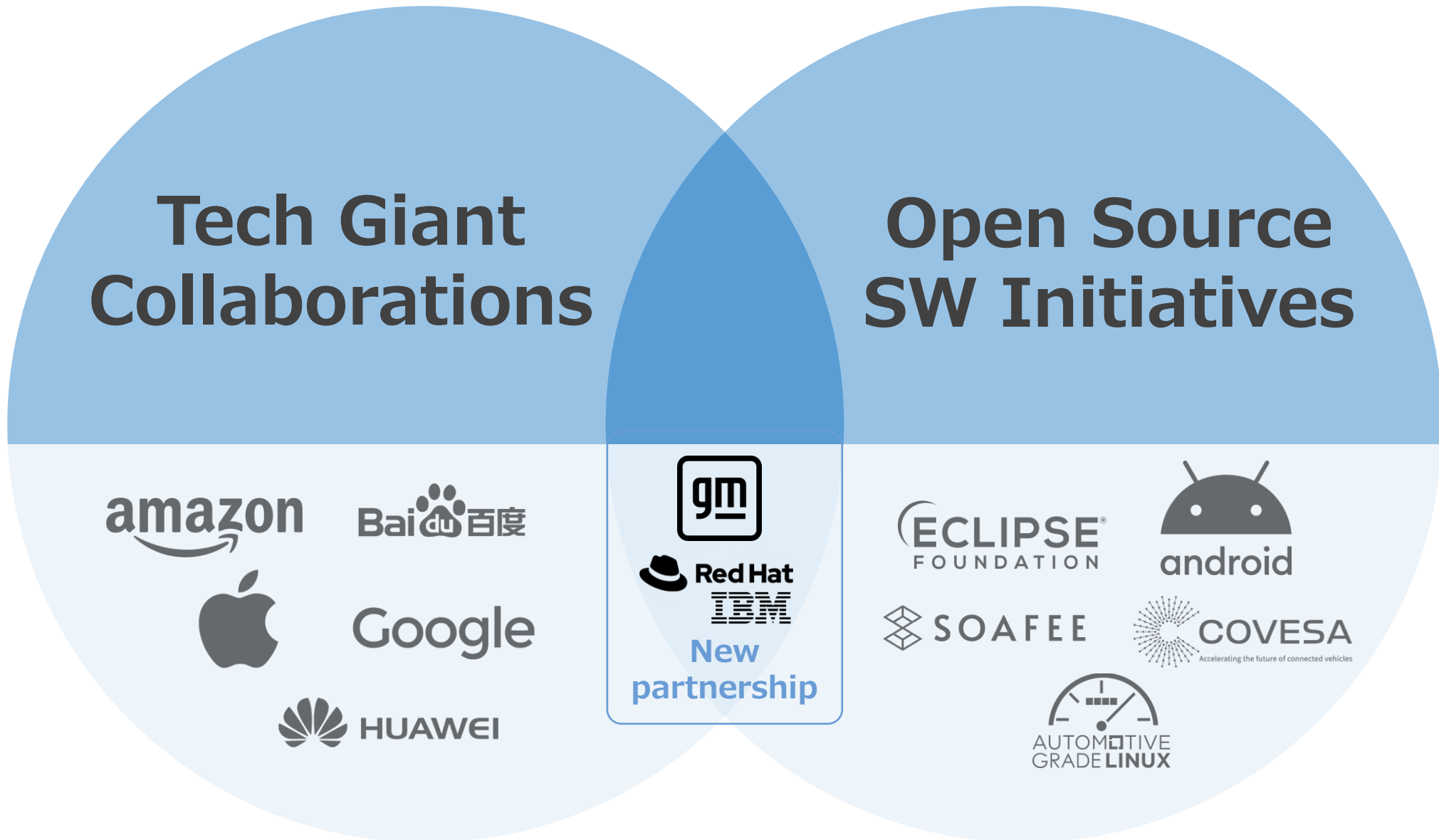
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OSS is attractive to OEMs because:

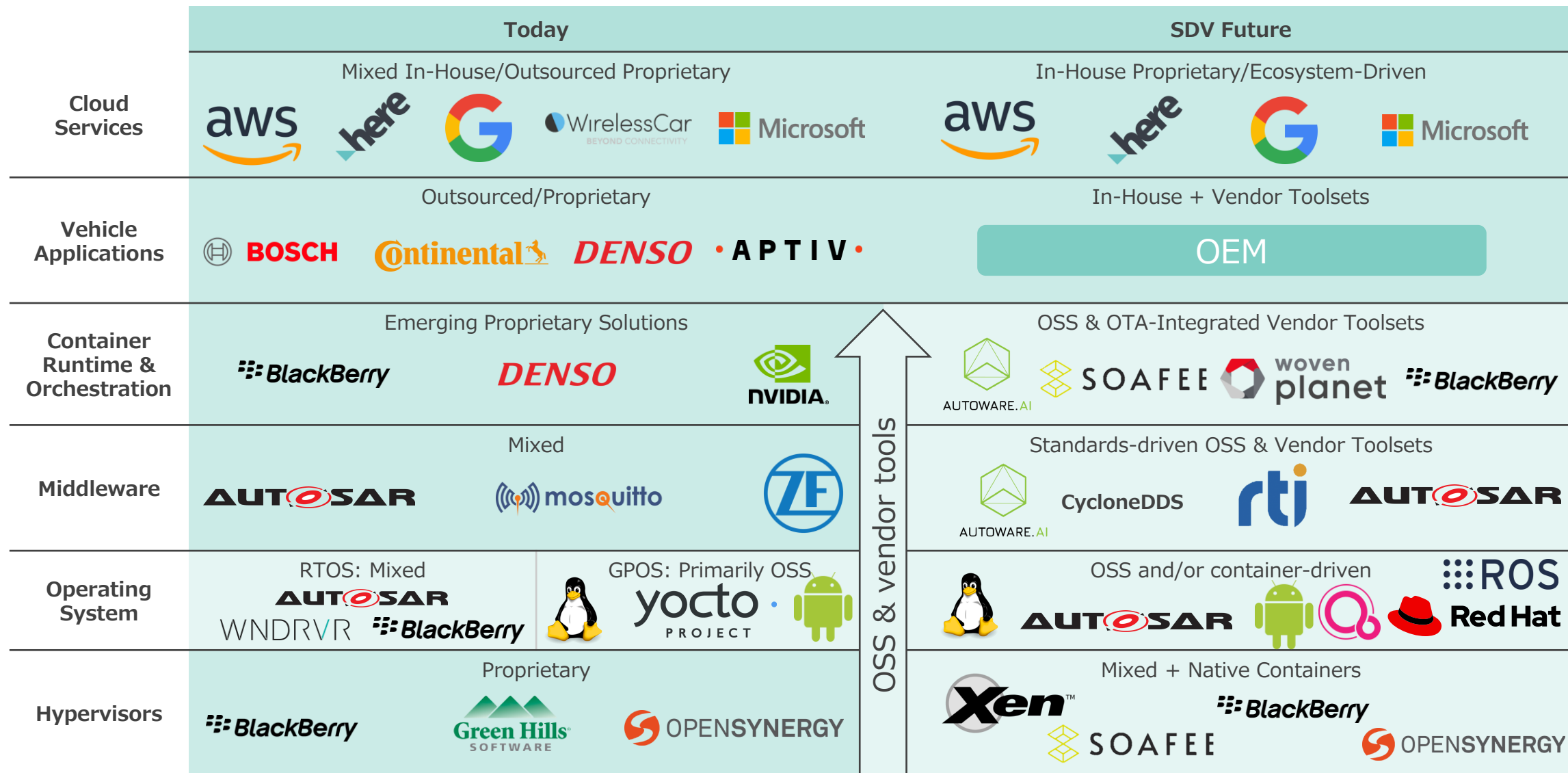
- ✓ **Customization** for size/scale/context
 - ✓ **Access** to development ecosystems, skillsets
 - ✓ Lowering **cost of development** by:
 - ✓ Investing in mutually beneficial OSS
 - ✓ Eliminating licensing fees
 - ✓ Reduction of **risk** via software supplier lock-in
 - ✓ Alignment with hardware/chipset architecture creates **efficient optimization effort**
- 

But OEMs will still need licensed software because:

- ✓ Developing **ASIL-C/D** software is difficult and expensive
 - ✓ **Stricter regulations** will create demand for complexity abstraction
 - ✓ **Different components and domains** have different requirements
 - ✓ **Virtualization in mixed criticality environments** remains a linchpin to SDVs
 - ✓ Outsourcing **management of upstream security threats & license compliance** remains attractive
- 



Key effect of SDV adoption: bottom-up commodification



Different approaches take different tool / supplier relationships



Integration Approach

Leveraging 3rd party software vendors



Long-Term Approach

Careful investment for reduced risk



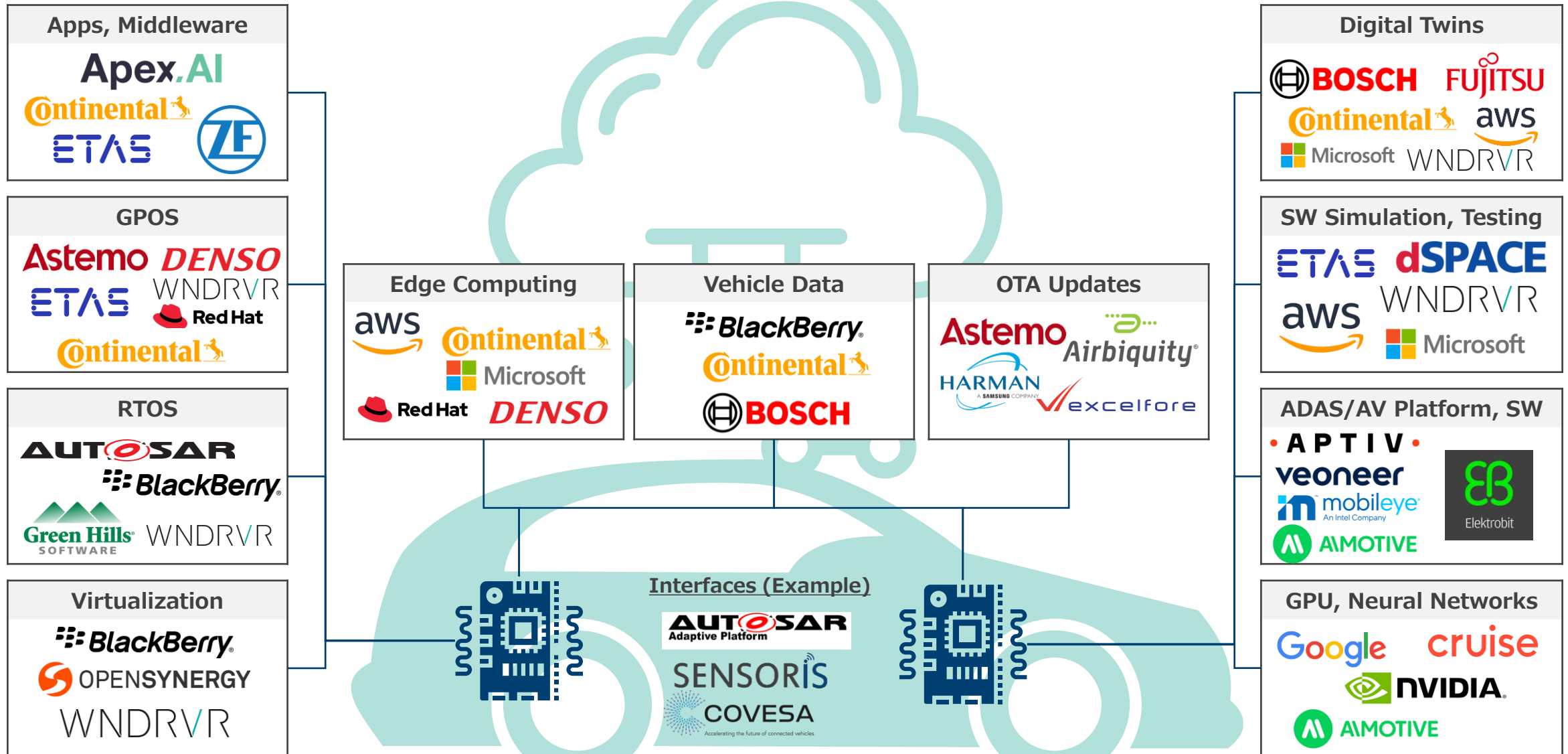
Fast Development Approach

Immediate investment & re-organization

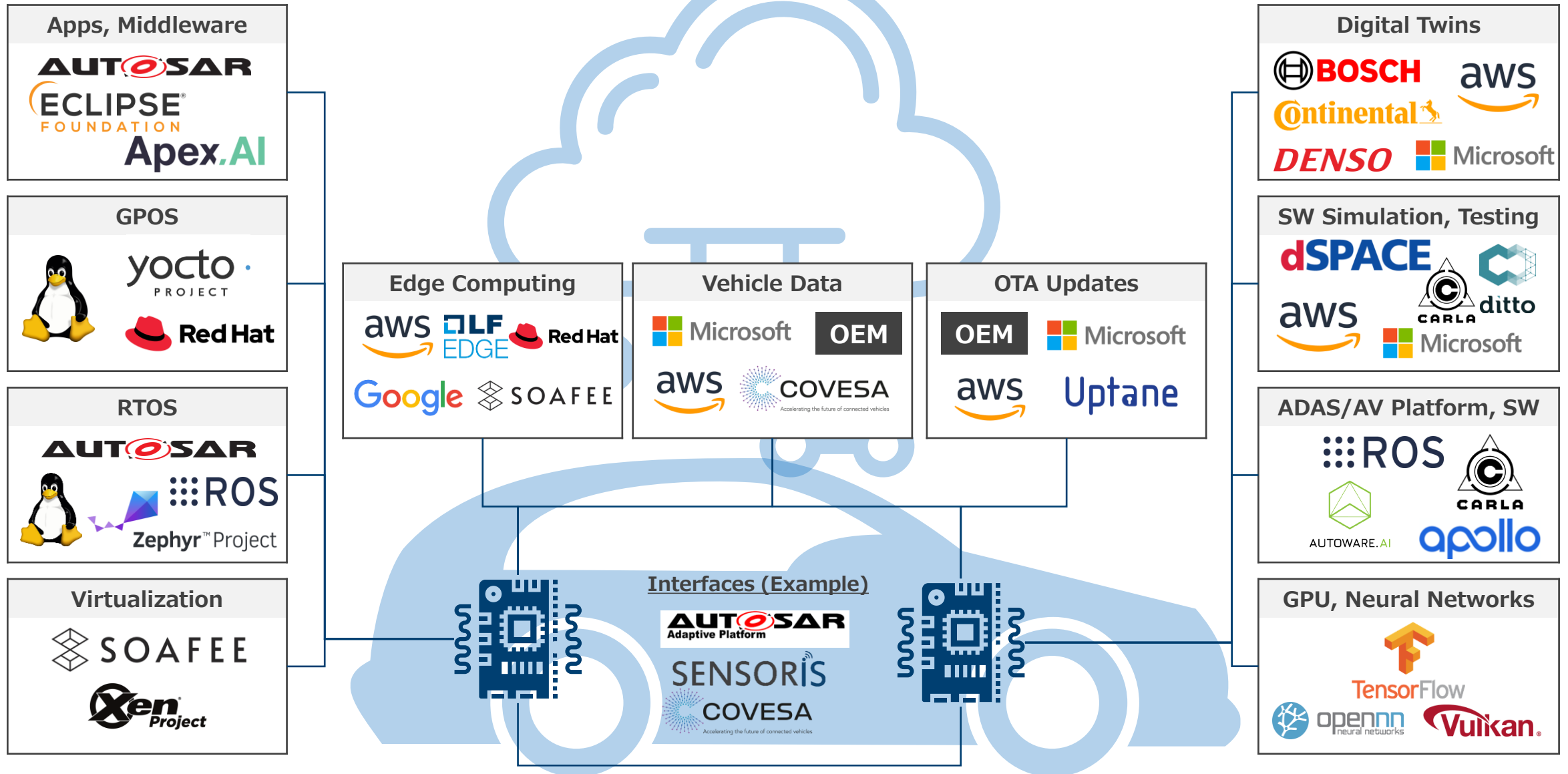
	Integration Approach	Long-Term Approach	Fast Development Approach
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Intellectual Property Control	Poor	Strong	Strong



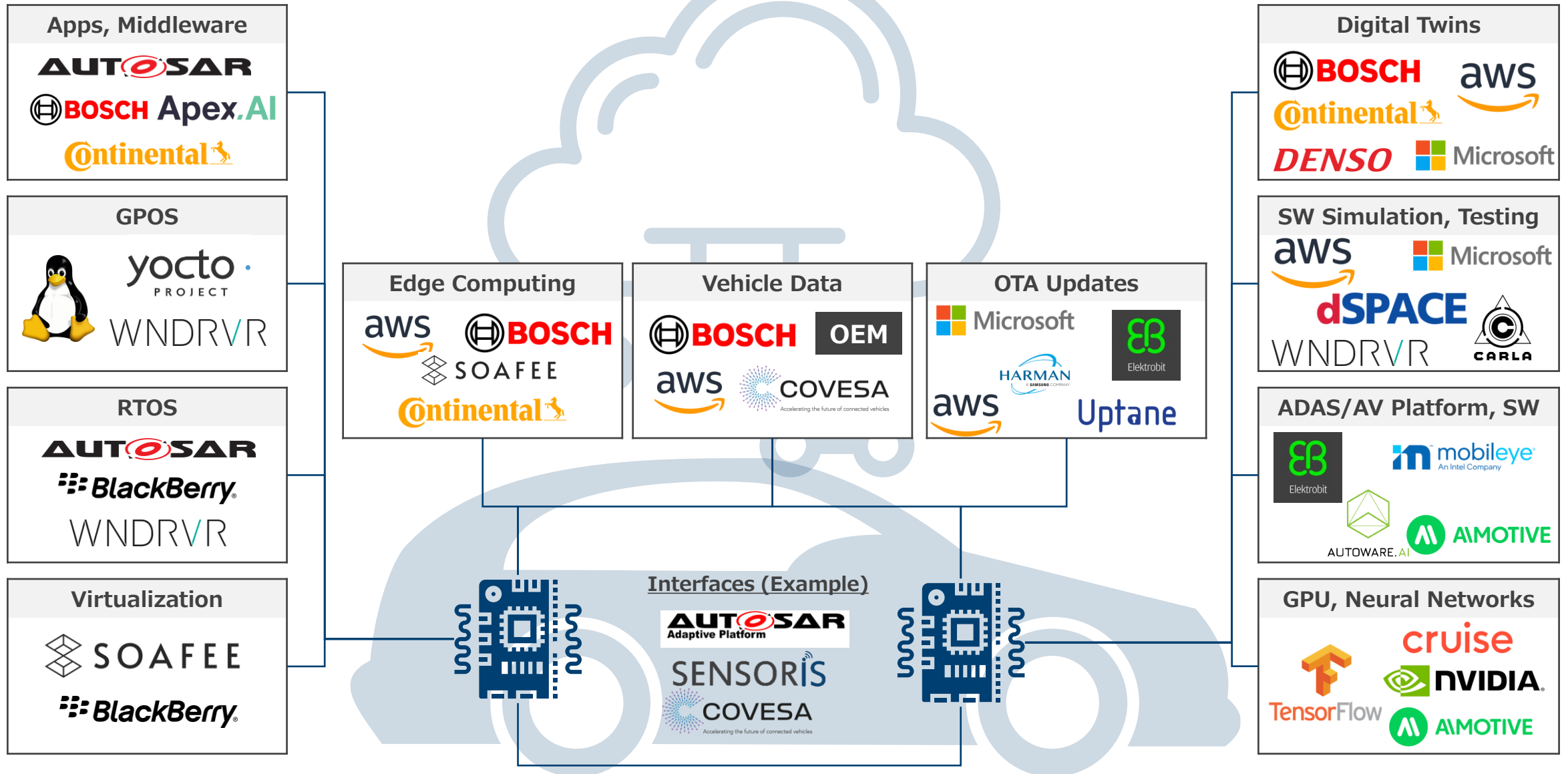
Integration Approach – Visualized



Long-Term Approach - Visualized



Fast Development Approach - Visualized



Final thoughts

1

SDV require overhaul of EE architecture and S/W architecture

2

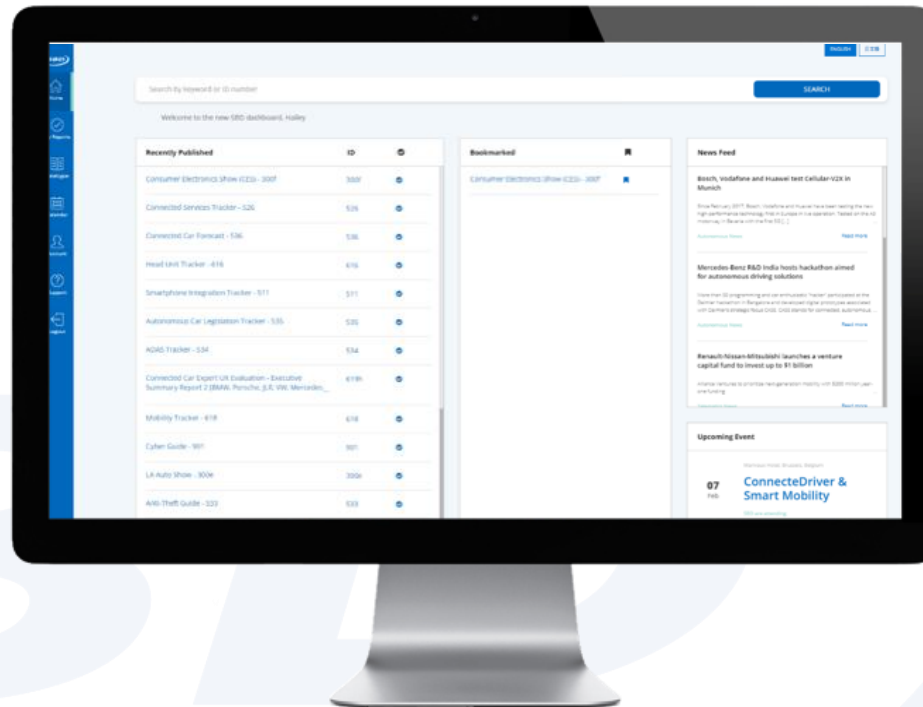
Major challenge comes as a combination of organizational, technical and strategic challenges

3

Plenty of opportunities for OSS lie in SDV, but choice depends on OEMs' sourcing strategy

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market



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Purpose-built online
tools that provide you with advanced
data and analytics

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